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**VEGETABLES**

**POTTIES**

**Russets:** The market on russets is steady to up this week, depending on the growing region. Burbanks out of Idaho are up on 70 count, up on 90 count and steady on 6-oz. minimum size. Norkotahs out of Idaho are steady, and up out of Washington and Oregon. Moderate supply and good demand are being reported as suppliers are into the new crop or are starting this week.

**Reds:** The red potato market is mixed this week. Product out of Minnesota is steady, while product out of Wisconsin is down. Lighter supply and good demand is reported.

**Yellows:** The yellow potato market out of Florida is steady, with moderate supply, good quality and good demand reported.

**CABBAGE**

- **Round Green:** The cabbage market is flat this week, with fair demand. Supplies out of Mexico are steady.
- **ICEBERG LETTUCE**
  - **Green Leaf:** The green leaf market is down this week, with fields producing strong yields. There is some irregular sizing and fringe/wind burn. Demand continues to be moderate.
  - **Romaine:** The romaine market is up this week, with supply in a normal range. There is a wide range in quality caused by weather conditions.
- **GARLIC**
  - Domestic garlic is steady this week, with good supply, moderate demand and good quality reported. Our suppliers can take on additional business.
- **ONIONS**
  - The jumbo yellow onion market is mixed this week. Product out of San Joaquin Valley, California; Washington; Oregon and New Mexico is down, with moderate supply and demand. Product out of Georgia is steady, with moderate supply and demand. Quality will vary by growing region.
- **MUSHROOMS**
  - There are no issues to report on mushrooms coming off the East Coast with good supplies, demand and quality. Reports indicate continuing issues with mushrooms coming from the West Coast regarding supply and quality.
- **CILANTRO**
  - The cilantro market is mixed this week. Product out of Oxnard and Central Coast, California, is up on 30s and 60s, with lighter supply and good demand. Product out of Mexico is steady on 60s, with moderate supply and demand.
- **CUCUMBERS**
  - Cucumber prices are mixed for the week. It is reported that supply remains tight in Mexico as they await new fields to start harvesting. The East is seeing price drops in Michigan and New York. Quality is fair to good, depending on the region.
- **CELERY**
  - The celery market is up this week, with supply in the normal range. Quality is good.

**YELLOW SQUASH**

Yellow squash is down for the week. Supplies continue to improve in all growing regions. The most significant issue right now continues to be heavy wind scarring, which is prevalent in all growing areas.

**ZUCCHINI**

Zucchini prices are down for the week. Supplies continue to improve week over week. The East has started new fields which are spread across multiple areas. Michigan continues to push out good volumes. The West supply has improved only slightly, and it is reported that price drops in that region are smaller. New crop is expected to start in the next couple of weeks. Quality on zucchini is good.

**GREEN BEANS**

The green bean market is down this week. Imported haricot verts and machine-picked product out of New York are down, with moderate supply and demand. Good quality is being reported out of both growing regions.

**BELL PEPPERS**

- **Green:** Green peppers continue to see a price drop for a second week. Supply continues to improve in all growing regions. Mexico and California are supplying the West. The East is supplied with growing areas from the Carolinas to Michigan during summer harvests. Quality is fair, due to a mix of old and new crop.
- **Red:** Red bell peppers are steady to up for the week, depending on the size and grade. Supply remains tight, with supplies coming from Mexico and hot houses. Quality for now is good, especially out of the hot houses.

**TOMATOES**

- **Rounds:** Round tomatoes are up in all regions. Supplies have tightened up in both the East and West. New fields have started in Michigan. Quality is fair to poor, with soft fruit reported as a big concern. It is expected that price changes will vary from size and grade.
- **Romas:** Roma tomato prices continue to go up in price. Supplies continue to be tight in all regions right now. The West is mainly supplied by California and Mexico, while the East continues to be spread out along the coast. Quality continues to be fair to poor in all regions, due to the high temperatures and rain.
- **Cherry:** Cherry tomatoes prices have continued to go up this week. Supply has tightened up, with limited supply coming out of the East. The West continues to send product East to help cover the demand. Quality is poor to fair, due to the high heat and recent rainstorms.
- **Grape:** Grape tomatoes are up in price for the week. Supplies continue to tighten up as farms battle high temperatures. Quality is poor across the country, due to the hot temperatures.

**CARROTS**

The jumbo carrot market is mixed this week. Product out of California is steady, with moderate supply and demand. Product out of Mexico is down, with moderate supply and good demand, while quality continues to vary.

**GREEN ONIONS**

The green onion market is steady this week. Product out of Mexico is steady on large, medium and small, with good supply and demand.

**CAULIFLOWER**

The cauliflower market is down this week, with supplies around normal and good quality reported. It is reported that both prices and demand are on a downward trend.

**ASPARAGUS**

The asparagus market is down this week over week. The East has started new fields which are spread across multiple areas. Michigan continues to push out good volumes. The West supply has improved only slightly, and it is reported that price drops in that region are smaller. New crop is expected to start in the next couple of weeks. Quality on asparagus is good.

**BROCCOLI**

The broccoli market is down this week, with supplies in the normal range. There are some quality challenges, including pin rot and yellowing/brown bits.
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**PRODUCE**

**HANGING FRUIT**

**APPLES AND Pears**
- **Apples**: Gala and Granny Smith varieties are down this week, while all other varieties are steady. There is moderate supply and demand.
- **Pears**: The pear market remains stable. Green and red D’Anjou and Bosc are available. The small end of pears remains tight, while 90 count and larger remain constant.

**CITRUS**

**LEMONS**
Lemon prices are mixed for the week. Large-sized lemons continue to be tight in supply, which is causing them to see a price jump (115s, 9s, 75s). 140 counts appear to be flat, while smaller sizes are seeing a slight price drop. There is still a limited supply of Chilean lemons on the East Coast.

**LIMES**
Lime prices are down for the week. Supplies have started to get better as the fields get past the recent rainstorms. Quality is still fair, due to the rain.

**ORANGES**
Oranges prices are steady to down for the week. Valencia supplies continue to trend toward 88/113/138 counts. Offshore navels are available from Chile and South Africa if customers need them. Quality is good for now.

**STRAWBERRIES**
The strawberry market is up this week. August is historically a difficult month, both in terms of supply and quality. The heat in June and the current long summer days are affecting the fruit. It is reported that these challenges are expected through August into September, when the transition to fall crop occurs in Santa Maria.

**BLUEBERRIES**
The blueberry market is down this week. British Columbia blueberries are having some issues with soft fruit, and the region is decreasing in volume. Oregon blueberries are showing steady quality. Quality has been good. Mexico will begin harvesting light volumes during the last week of August.

**GRAPES**
The grape market is down this week, depending on variety and growing region. Flame seedless out of the Kern District and the San Joaquin Valley, California, are down on large to extra large and medium to large. Summer Royal are down on large to extra large. There is moderate supply and demand. Good quality is reported.

**TROPICAL**

**PINEAPPLES**
Analysts report that pineapple supplies are expected to remain low, which is causing the price to increase. Size trends are moving slowly toward larger sizes, which will help with 5- and 6-count availability. Quality is good for the time being.

**BANANAS**
Banana prices continue to be steady in price. Conditions continue to be stable with the inbound supplies for the summer months. Quality continues to be good on all bananas.

**AVOCADOS**
Analysts report that avocado prices have reversed this week and are back on the rise. Mexico has been battling rain, which has delayed harvests, causing inventory to tighten up. California and Peru harvests continue to wind down. Number two supply continues to be a very small percentage of the current harvest.

**MELONS**

**CANTALOUPES AND HONEYDEWS**
- **Cantaloupes**: The cantaloupe market is down this week. The Production is moving to 8 count this week. The production on 12 count is increasing week over week.
- **Honeydews**: The honeydew market is down this week. Supplies are expected to be good.
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All current beef pricing trends are based on USDA data as of Aug. 14, 2019. Last week's trends refer to the USDA market for the full week of Aug. 5, 2019.

Cash cattle traded down last week, with trades occurring between $110/cwt to $114/cwt. Analysts expect much lower trading to occur this week. There have been bids at $107/cwt, and even some as low as $100/cwt.

Harvest came in at 642k head for the week of Aug. 5, 2019, which was higher than the prior week and right around analyst projections. Of that 642k head, 498k were of the steer/heifer variety. Harvest for the week of Aug. 12, 2019 is expected to be around 629k head.

77% of all steers/heifers graded Choice or Prime for the week ending Aug. 2, 2019, which was down from the week prior. Select grading was also down at 18.9%, but Ungraded was up, around 4.1%.

Media reports have indicated that on Aug. 9, 2019, Tyson Foods experienced a plant fire in their Finney County, Kansas, plant. It is reported that Tyson is still assessing the total damage, and the plant is closed for the time being. Analysts report that this is generating a lot of uncertainty in the beef markets. According to CattleFax, roughly 6% of the entire beef livestock in the United States runs through this plant, and this plant accounts for 23.5% of all Kansas harvest. Analysts report that early-week trading so far this week is indicating that beef prices are on the rise. On a positive note, media is reporting that there were no reported injuries due to the fire.

**GROUND CHUCK:** The ground chuck market traded flat last week. Data suggests that this market will peak at the end of August. Analysts report that the Tyson plant fire has worried the market regarding supply, with Labor Day around the corner. Consequently, prices are up sharply in current week trades.

**GROUND BEEF 81/19:** 81/19 ground beef took a small gain in price last week. Like ground chuck, this market typically peaks around Labor Day weekend. Once again, analysts are citing the Tyson Foods Kansas plant fire for the sharp rise in markets so far this week.

**GROUND BEEF 73/27:** The 73/27 ground beef market was slightly up last week. However, analysts this week are reporting much higher asking prices on all ground beef due to supply concerns.

**PEELED KNuckleS:** Peeled knuckles traded up by a few cents on all grades last week. Current Choice-grade prices are much higher this week, but are lower than where analysts would expect them to be at this time of year and could be a value buy.

**INSIDE ROUNDS:** All inside rounds took discounting in price last week. Although the market has traded relatively flat to slightly up for a few weeks, analysts report that the market could start to soften through September before seasonal gains in October and spikes in early November, given historical data trends. Once again, analysts are stating that the Tyson Foods Kansas plant fire has put a price premium on all rounds this week.

**BOTTOM ROUND FLATS:** Bottom round flats traded up slightly last week. Historically, analyst data suggests that this market will trade steady to slightly lower through mid-September before a seasonal peak in early October. However, it is reported that the USDA market this week is showing higher prices due to the Tyson Foods plant fire.

**EYES OF ROUND:** All grades of eyes of round were slightly up to slightly down last week. Although this market is slightly above the three-year seasonal average, analysts report that this market will typically take a slow climb for the next few months before peaking in mid-to-late October. It is reported that this beef cut is also being impacted by the Tyson Foods plant fire, as analysts cite higher prices this week over supply availability.

**RIBS**

**RIBEVEs:** Analysts report that the ribeye complex saw strength across both light and heavy ribeyes in almost all grades. The only discounting was in Ungraded heavy ribeyes, down a few cents. Analysts are calling for both the light and heavy ribeye market to move upwards over the coming weeks.

**CHUCKS**

**CHUCK ROLLS:** Chuck rolls traded slightly up to flat last week. In two of the last three years, chuck rolls have started to climb in price in August, and continued to climb through early October. Analysts report that they are up a healthy amount in current week trades.

**TERES MAJORS:** Teres Majors posted decreased prices across all products last week. Three-year data suggest that this market trades relatively flat through the remainder of the year.

**BRISKETS:** Although historical reports indicate that briskets typically soften in the summer months before a small bump for Labor Day, the brisket market is trading higher now than at any point in the last three years for this time of year.

**THIN MEATS**

**BALL TIPS:** Select ball tips traded flat last week, but it is reported that Choice product took a large discount to price. Although data suggests ball tips having a slight bump around Labor Day weekend, analysts report that this sub-primal typically softens through the remainder of the year. However, prices are higher this week, as analysts evaluate the impact of the Tyson Foods Kansas plant fire.

**FLAP MEAT:** Flap meat traded up at what analysts would consider a very healthy mark last week. Currently, flap meat is trading well above its three-year average, even though six weeks ago it was trading well below. Analysts suggest that flap meat will increase slightly until Labor Day, before weakening through mid-October.

**FLANK:** Flank steaks traded slightly down for the Choice grade, but took what analysts would consider a moderate increase on Select product last week. Flank steaks typically softens through the remainder of the year until mid-December, but analysts are pointing to the Tyson Foods plant fire for the recent strength in the current week market.

**SKIRT STEAK:** The outside skirt market took what analysts would consider a moderate loss last week. Although day-to-day trading over the last few weeks has been very active, according to analysts, they are reporting that this market typically continues to weaken through mid-October before flattening out for the remainder of the year.
Pork market information from the week of Aug. 5, 2019.

Last week the USDA estimated hog slaughter was 2.354 MM hogs, a marginal increase from the previous week and slightly higher than the 2.341 MM harvest last year.

The USDA has released export data for the month of June. Total pork exports were down from May, but were almost 10% higher than June last year.

LOINS

Prices in the loin complex are reported as stronger. Analyst reference out-front retail demand for Labor Day, Oktoberfest and even exports as driving demand. The loin complex increased significantly last year in September, and analysts believe it may follow a similar pattern this year.

TENDERS

Pork tenderloin prices continued to move lower for a fourth consecutive week. Analysts cite excellent supply and a lack of aggressive features as tempering any significant price spike. Tenderloin prices typically peak in July-August, so analysts speculate that perhaps the last four weeks indicates that this market has peaked.

BUTTS

Pork butt prices moved lower. Supply remains sufficient due to the larger harvest levels, but analysts report that demand is likely fading across the various channels. Analysts report retailers may be promoting cheaper cuts of meat such as bone-in loins. Pork butt prices typically hold steady in through August and move higher in September.

RIBS

The rib complex moved higher. Back rib prices have been on a steady decline for the past couple weeks, but analysts report that occasional spikes in demand will alter the downward trajectory. That is expected this time of year, as analysts believe various channels may be promoting ribs for the Labor Day holiday. Sparerib prices continue to recover higher from the 10-year low they dipped to, as they are still considered a value.

BELLIES/BACON

The belly market continues to move higher. Analysts believe increased demand being negotiated for Labor Day promotions and further out. Prices are approaching last year’s highs, so buyers are likely beginning to push back. The belly market should be considered volatile.

HAMS

Ham prices continued higher, but the momentum has definitely slowed. The USDA Cold Storage report indicates the there is strong demand from buyers filling freezers with hams. Processor demand is also supporting the ham market for out-front holiday bookings. Last year, ham prices were a bit of a roller coaster from now through October.

TRIMMINGS

Trimming prices are forecasted to be much lower for the balance of August, until Labor Day demand begins to ramp back up.

PICNICS

Picnic prices were mixed. Historically the bone-in picnic market typically moves lower through August before export demand in Q4 pushes prices higher. It is reported that boneless picnics are moving lower in response to plentiful supply and the declining 72% trim market.
Poultry market information from the week of Aug. 12, 2019.

Small, medium and jumbo wing markets were flat this week, with steady demand as the official start of wing season begins. The select, medium and jumbo breast markets were flat. In the near-term, analysts forecast these markets should remain balanced. Analysts are referencing the USDA projections of increased jumbo headcount, along with decreased demand going into the fall season could push jumbo breast prices lower this fall. Jumbo and small tenders were down this week, as demand continues to be unsettled. Analysts state the demand in this market from retail and further processors has continued to be weak; however, they also state that this could change rapidly if further processors step back into these markets.

Export demand continues to be reported as well balanced. Thigh meat and bulk leg quarters were down slightly this week, with leg meat remaining unchanged. With increasing jumbo supply, analysts predict these markets could trend flat to downward in the near term. Whole birds/WOG demand has balanced out, resulting in a flat to slightly upward market trend.

** Starting in 2018, the 19 State totals have been discontinued. **

**BONELESS, SKINLESS TURKEY BREASTS**

Turkey boneless, skinless breasts were flat this week. In the near term, analyst expect a flat to slightly upward market.

**WHOLES FROZEN TURKEYS**

The whole turkey market was flat this week. Analysts expect this market should trend flat to slightly upward as vendors ramp up for the holidays.

**CHICKEN**

**BROILER-TYPE EGGS SET IN THE UNITED STATES UP 1%**

Hatcheries in the United States weekly program set 231 million eggs in incubators during the week ending Aug. 10, 2019, up 1% from a year ago. Average hatchability for chicks hatched during the week in the United States was 82.7%. Average hatchability is calculated by dividing chicks hatched during the week by eggs set three weeks earlier.

** ** Starting in 2018, the 19 State totals have been discontinued. **

**BROILER-TYPE CHICKS PLACED IN THE UNITED STATES UP 1%**

Broiler growers in the United States weekly program placed 189 million chicks for meat production for the week ending Aug. 10, 2019, up 1% from a year ago. Cumulative placements from the week ending Jan. 5, 2019, through week ending Aug. 10, 2019, for the United States were 5.97 billion, up 1% from the same period a year earlier.

** ** Starting in 2018, the 19 State totals have been discontinued. **

**WINGS**

The small wing market was flat this week, as analyst expectations are that this market will trend flat to upward for the near term. The medium wing market was flat during the week of Aug. 12, 2019, with spot load offers being consistently harder to uncover. Analysts expect this trend should be expected to continue through 2019. The jumbo wing market remained unchanged this week. Spot product offerings have become harder to uncover, and are being offered at only minimal discounts. The jumbo boneless breast category was flat this week, with spot product being harder to uncover at attractive discounts.

This week select/small and jumbo tenderloin markets were down. Analysts reference further processors and retailers continue to move in and out of these markets, which could result in a flat to slightly downward trend in the near term.

**BONELESS, SKINLESS BREASTS & CHICKEN TENDERLOINS**

The select/small boneless breast market was flat this week. This market continues to be supported by the YTD headcount deficit in the small bird category. As we go into a typically low-demand boneless breast season, analyst believe the select/small market could trend flat to slightly downward in the near term. The medium boneless breast market was flat, with spot load offerings being uncovered at slight discounts. The jumbo boneless breast category was flat this week, with spot product being harder to uncover at attractive discounts.

This week select/small and jumbo tenderloin markets were down. Analysts reference further processors and retailers continue to move in and out of these markets, which could result in a flat to slightly downward trend in the near term.

**WING LOINS**

The whole wing market was flat this week. Analysts state that this market will trend flat to upward for the near term. The whole wing market was flat during the week of Aug. 12, 2019, with spot load offers being consistently harder to uncover. Analysts expect this trend should be expected to continue through 2019. The jumbo wing market remained unchanged this week. Spot product offerings have become harder to uncover, and are being offered at only minimal discounts. The jumbo wing market is expected to trend flat to upward, as the typical seasonal high wing demand is right around the corner.

**BONELESS, SKINLESS THIGHS**

The boneless, skinless thigh meat market was down this week. Analysts speculate that this market could be hampered by lack of further processor demand and jumbo supply increasing. Analyst expectations are that this market will trend flat to slightly downward in the near term.
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COMMODITY OIL

SOY, CANOLA & PALM OIL

SOY OIL:

- The August soybean oil contract closed last week at $0.2958, up 126 points for the week of Aug. 5, 2019.
- Media reports that President Trump has suggested a 10% tariff on the remaining $300 billion in Chinese exports, effective Sept. 1, 2019. Reports indicate that the remaining tariffs would be mainly on finished goods and not agricultural products. Media is additionally reporting that trade talks are currently scheduled to resume in September. However, on Monday, Aug. 5, 2019, it was reported that China stated that they will halt buying any and all U.S. agricultural products indefinitely.
- The spot oil share value has increased by 3.6% since the beginning of June. Analysts are stating this is based on tightening domestic soybean oil stocks and continued strong demand for biodiesel production.

- The weekly soybean crop condition rating update came in at 54% good to excellent, unchanged from last week and still below the five-year average of 66%.
- Analyst report that the U.S. soybean crop is behind in development this year because of late planting. It was reported the week of Aug. 29, only 21% of the crop was in the pod-setting phase, compared to 58% a year ago. The crop is rated at 54% good to excellent, compared to the five-year average of 67%.

CANOLA

- Analysts report that stocks continue to build without an export market to China. Weather has improved, but analyst report that canola oil basis levels still are considered weak.

PALM OIL

- Analysts are stating that palm oil prices have shown more resiliency over the past two weeks, due to an improved forward global demand picture and the recent lower pricing when compared to historical averages.

Dairy

All dairy pricing trends are based on USDA and CME data as of Aug. 14, 2019.

BUTTER

Butter production is mixed. Analysts report that this may be driven primarily by the strong cream demand from other seasonal producers continuing to pull butterfat, effecting the amount available for spot butter makers. The CME market has been rather stable the past few weeks.

CHEESE

Analyst state the block cheese market has found renewed buying interest, helping to push prices to new calendar year highs. The barrel found a little bit of support from the firming block prices. Cheese manufacturers have been running at elevated levels, but are having to pay more for milk supply. Demand has remained firm in the Midwest, with Western processors reporting less favorable demand. Overall inventories are considered more in balance than prior weeks, with each coastal region reporting inventories increasing. Analysts suspect the higher prices appear to have shut off additional interest for the time being, as the market consolidates at the new highs.

SHELL EGGS

Analyst are stating demand has continued to increase across the retail segment, due to heavier features along with back-to-school stockpiling. Analyst are also pointing to the low-price environment over the past few months, which has further supported even more layers to be taken out of production. This has reduced the amount of excess supplies ahead of the seasonally stronger demand period that we are heading into. Reports indicate that further processors/breakers are also feeling the pressure from the tighter supply situation, having to pay a premium for breaking stocks as they actively seek supply. Reports indicate the market is firm.

MILK & CREAM

Class I and class III milk prices are now at their highest level in a few years, as analysts point to school demand ramping up and lower milk production.
SHRIMP, DOMESTIC
(whites and browns): Pricing continues to be firm, while fishing is slightly starting to improve. Analysts believe smaller shrimp will have a lot of pressure on availability and price. The brown season is now open, however buying activity has been very strong and pricing is moving up. Inventory on larger sizes is starting to improve, which has brought some price relief.

(domestic pudS): Smaller PUDs are becoming tight, as they have been pushed into the Gulf of Mexico with the influx of water coming out of the Mississippi River, which traditionally puts pressure on this category.

SHRIMP, IMPORTED
(black tigers and whites): The seafood industry reports seeing pressure on inventory and higher pricing on both white shrimp and black tigers. Large-sized whites 26-30 count and larger are under a ton of pressure, due to seasonal demand and lower inventory domestically.

(Mexican browns and whites): Analysts report that suppliers may have a concern about the tight supply of brown and large-sized shrimp.

CATFISH
DOMESTIC: The warm weather is allowing more feeding of fish, with production continuing to improve. Analysts report that pricing is expected to soften.

IMPORTED: Analysts report that with pricing firming up, the 5-7 oz. size range is in very tight supply. Pangasius or domestic catfish would be good alternatives.

SALMON
ATLANTIC FARMED SALMON: Analysts report that the fresh market will be up for next week, due to very strong demand in both foodservice and retail. Frozen portions have remained steady, but vendors indicate that there is still a concern that 4-oz. portions will get tight, as the size of fish needed is in short supply.

MAHI-Mahi
Analysts report that pricing has turned steady, with fewer offerings. Inventory is in good shape along all size portions.

SCALLOPS
SEA: Reports indicate that pricing has shown some volatility on the fresh side. The catch is going well for the new season. Frozen prices continue to be stable.

BAY: Pricing is moving upward as analysts see product from China entering the U.S. after tariff increases.

TILAPIA
Demand has been steady as we settle into higher costs.

PANGASiUS
Pricing is trending downward, as reported inventory levels in the U.S. are in very good shape.

WHITEFISH COMPLEX
COD: Pricing is showing some firmness. Reports indicate that inventory is firm behind strong demand as other similar species increase in price.

POLLOCK: The fishery for Pacific pollock has produced only smaller, 2-4 oz. fillets. Analysts report that there will be some increase in pricing as the season transitions. Vendors report that fish from Argentina should start to firm up as the season changes.

LOBSTER
NORTH AMERICAN LOBSTER: Pricing is steady to firm. Vendors report small-sized tails and meat have decent supply. Large-sized tails continue to be a challenge. Maine is expected to be underway over the next 2-3 weeks. The season is later than last year, due to water temps which could begin to drive pricing higher.

LOBSTER TAILS WARM WATER: The industry is extremely tight, with no new production set until the season starts in August. Very little product will be available.

LOBSTER MEAT: Pricing is moving up and demand is steady. The season is later than last year, due to water temps which could begin to drive pricing higher.
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- The U.S. announced in 2018 they would impose tariffs on imports to shrink the trade deficit.
- As reported, 4 rounds of tariffs on have been implemented so far:
  1. March 23, 2018 ~$3 billion of products: imported Steel (25%) and Aluminum (10%).
  2. The next round of ~$50 billion in products from China - mostly machinery and parts - was put on in 2 stages:
     a.) July 6, 2018 ~$34 billion of imported products (25%).
     b.) Aug. 23, 2018 ~$16 billion (also 25%).
  3. Sept. 24, 2018, an additional ~$200 billion in products from China (10%).
  4. May 10, 2019 the U.S. government raised the 10% tariff it had implemented on $200B of Chinese goods to 25%.
  5. China has initially matched the first $50 billion, and then an additional $60 billion against the latest round ($200 billion).
  6. China announced on Monday, May 20, 2019, that it would raise tariffs to 20% or 25%, from the already 10% in place.
- Media reports that President Trump has suggested a 10% tariff on the remaining $300 billion in Chinese exports, effective Sept. 1, 2019. Reports indicate that the remaining tariffs would be mainly on finished goods and not agricultural products. Media is additionally reporting that trade talks are currently scheduled to resume in September. However, on Monday, Aug. 5, 2019 it was reported that China stated that they will halt buying any and all U.S. agriculture products indefinitely.

### Products with Price Increases

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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metals - Iron, Steel, Aluminum</td>
<td>Grocery</td>
<td>Beverages</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metals - Iron, Steel, Aluminum</td>
<td>Grocery</td>
<td>PC Savory Candiments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metals - Iron, Steel, Aluminum</td>
<td>Canned Goods</td>
<td>Canned Tomatoes, Dry Pack Beans, EB Canned Fruit, Ketchup, Shelf-Stable Entrées, Canned Pasta, Oil, Dessert Toppings, Cocoa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metals - Iron, Steel, Aluminum</td>
<td>Value Added Shelf-Stable</td>
<td>Sauces, Shelf-Stable, Gelatin, Pudding &amp; Pie Filling, Shelf-Stable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metals - Iron, Steel, Aluminum</td>
<td>Canned Goods</td>
<td>Canned Fruit and Veg., Pudding &amp; Custard, Cheese, Sauces, Beans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Straws and Stirrers</td>
<td>Disposables</td>
<td>Straws, Drinking, Plastic/PLA - Straws, Stirrer, Plastic/PLA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metals - Iron, Steel, Aluminum</td>
<td>Value Added Shelf-Stable</td>
<td>EB Gelatin, Pudding &amp; Pie Filling, Shelf-Stable &amp; EB Sauces, Shelf-Stable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plastics</td>
<td>Disposables</td>
<td>Bags, Food Storage (PE) and (PP), Bags T-Shirt, Buckets, Can Liners, Cups, Dust Pans, Food Containers, Lids, Pastry Bags, Urinal Deodorizer, Aprons, Bibs, Headware (Disposable), Trays &amp; Film</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fibers / Molded Fiber</td>
<td>Disposables</td>
<td>100% Cotton Fabrics, Cups &amp; Bowls, Food Containers, Plates, Platters, Lids</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gloves</td>
<td>Disposables</td>
<td>Latex, Nitrile, PE, Vinyl/Synthetic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frozen Seafood</td>
<td>Finfish &amp; Shellfish</td>
<td>Catfish, Flounder, Haddock, Tilapia, Pasteurized Crabmeat, Scaup, Squid, Crawfish</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canned Fruit</td>
<td>Canned Fruit &amp; Veg.</td>
<td>Mandarinis, Nuts, Cauliflower, Other Fruits &amp; Veg.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>